

Joseph of Austria, at Vienna, is the first sign of the abolition of the difficulty created between Russia and Austria by the Triple Alliance between Germany, Austria and Italy.

The Radicals of Berlin have commenced an agitation against the German Army Bill, which provides for a largely increased annual expenditure. They have urged the members of the Reichstag to assert the authority of Parliament by rejecting the measure.

Mr. Foster, the United States Secretary for State, speaking at Washington yesterday, said that owing to the deep losses of a Russian State employee, the Behring Sea arbitration has been delayed. The official in question had induced the United States authorities to produce a false statement in regard to the matter.

The Times correspondent at New York reports that the United States manufacturers are curtailing their output in anticipation of a reduction of the tariff.

Despatches from Hayti report that a revolt against General Hippolyte, the President, has broken out, and is extending.

Mr. Henry Tate, of Strathfield, has written to Sir William Vernon Harcourt, Chancellor of the Exchequer, renewing his offer in connection with the proposal to establish a National Gallery for British art on the model of the Luxembourg Gallery in Paris.

[In 1890 Mr. Tate offered to the trustees of the National Gallery over 60 fine modern pictures, including Sir John Millais' "Valley Rye," "The Nurse's Passage," and "The Knight Errant," Mr. Orchardson's "First Dance," "Her Mother's Voice," and "The Tiff," two excellent examples by Mr. Alma-Tadema, and others. This offer having been declined by the trustees owing to want of space, Mr. Tate repeated it on condition that a separate gallery should be provided for the pictures. The offer aroused considerable interest, several authorities on art matters giving their views in the Times, and two of them (Mr. Agnew and Mr. H. Quilter) promising £10,000 and £2,000 respectively towards the foundation of such a gallery. There was, however, considerable delay in the matter, and Mr. Tate eventually withdrew his magnificent offer.]

November 16th.
The revolt of the Haxata tribes is extending in Afghanistan. It is reported that the Russians are supplying the insurgents with cannon and munitions of war.

The Moscow Gazette, referring to the situation in Central Asia, says the present offers a splendid opportunity to Russia to gain control of Afghanistan.

The Sultan of Turkey has adopted the recommendation of General Alexs. Bracemont, the British engineer, with regard to the defence of the Bosphorus, and orders have been given for the immediate construction of the necessary fortifications.

An epidemic of yellow fever has occurred at Cordoba, in Mexico, and the mortality has been very great. It is reported that not less than 2,000 people have died from the complaint, and the outbreak has created great consternation in the city. Two thousand of the inhabitants have fled, and the city is in a state of panic.

Mr. Keble, of Acton, Victoria, has written a letter to the Financial Times in which he urges prosecutions against those trustees who invested trust funds in the Mercantile Bank of Australia.

A West Australian loan of £400,000 at par has been announced. The interest has been fixed at 4 per cent. The London and Westminster Bank is inviting tenders for the amount, and it will close on Tuesday, November 22.

The report that the Queensland Government intended to place a further loan on the London market in order to defray the cost of the railway has been officially denied. At the Irish National Convention held in Dublin yesterday it was stated that the crops throughout Ireland are failing, and that the tenants will be unable to pay their rents unless considerable reduction is made. The opinion was expressed that a terrible crisis would result if the existing rents were insisted upon and payment enforced. A resolution demanding an amnesty to all Irish political prisoners was agreed to.

A strain in a wedding festival is reported from Dublin. The bride, bridesmaid and guests were all seated at a wedding breakfast in a room at the top of a building when the building suddenly collapsed and buried a number of the party in the ruins. The scene was a fearful one. Rescue parties got to work, but it was found that no less than seven persons had been killed, while over 30 were more or less seriously injured.

The Rev. Dr. Farrar, Archbishop of Westminster, estimates that under 10 per cent. of the working classes of England attend church. He considers that the principal remedy for this state of things would be the abolition of pew rents.

Mr. Chauncey Depew, the United States politician, during the course of a speech delivered yesterday, referred to the election of Mr. Grover Cleveland to the Presidency. He said that the people of the country desired to experiment with the revenue, and the Democratic party was entitled to a trial. He, however, doubted whether the promised prosperity would result from that Democratic policy.

An action for defamation of character has been commenced by Prince Albert of Monaco against the proprietor of a paper published at Nice. The journal in referring to the fact that the prince received £50,000 a year from the gaming privileges at Monte Carlo, described him as the Crown Prince whose dignity and revenue were derived from the roulette tables.

In connection with the determination of the French Government to institute prosecutions against the directors of the Panama Canal Co. it is reported that M. Loubet and M. de Freycinet were at first opposed to the prosecutions, but ultimately consented to the adoption of that course owing to the threatened collapse of the Cabinet over the matter. Mr. Ricord has been appointed public prosecutor in connection with the case. Amongst other things it is reported that the Eiffel Engineering Co. has received £2,500,000 in payment for machinery which has never been supplied to the canal directors.

The Governments of Newfoundland and Canada have agreed upon a basis of union. It only now remains to consult the people in order to ratify the agreement for the political union of the two colonies.

A telegram from New York reports the mysterious disappearance from Chicago of Mr. John Wall, an Australian bookmaker. It is believed that he has been murdered.

[We are informed on reliable authority that Mr. "Jon" Wall, the Melbourne bookmaker, is back in Melbourne alive and well. The message therefore cannot apply to him.—*Australian Star*.]

Colonel Dodds, the officer in charge of the French troops in Dahomey, has invested Abomey, the capital, and King Behanzin is suing for peace. The priests are, however, urging him to continue the fight.

The Imperial Federation League has unanimously adopted the report of the committee recommending the establishment of a permanent commission on defence matters.

The Government of Colombia has granted an extension of the concessions made to the Panama Canal Co. for one year. It is, however, intimated that if the work is not proceeded with before the expiration of that period the whole of the rights of the canal work will be forfeited.

Further information from Hayti is to the effect that the revolt is spreading. General Hippolyte, the President, has lost control of the southern part of the republic. His officers in those districts have betrayed him and joined the insurgents.

The French Chamber of Deputies has passed a measure abolishing the duties on wine, beer and cider. In order to meet the loss of revenue which will result from this course it has been decided to increase the duty on spirits in proportion.

November 18th.
Mr. Wilson, a leading American democratic politician, during the course of a speech delivered yesterday, advocated a special session of Congress to deal with the revision of the tariff. He says that the sooner the question is submitted to the Legislature the better.

The railway companies controlling the main trunk lines in the United States have decided to pool their interests. This course has been decided upon owing to the small dividends that they have been compelled to declare lately, and as a means of equalizing the receipts and preventing the system of cutting down the rates.

The Belgian Chamber of Deputies has rejected the bill embodying universal suffrage. The measure was defeated on division by a majority of 68 votes.

At a day's meeting of the Royal Commission on labor Mr. Sydney Webb gave evidence regarding the conditions of labor in Australia as compared with other parts of the world. He said that the shorter number of hours per day worked in Australia was largely assisted by the higher standard of duration of life amongst the laboring classes.

Owing to the refusal of Messrs. Rothschild to undertake the fixation of a Russian loan of £20,000,000 in Paris, the Russian Government finds that it would be impossible to raise the loan in France, and is in consequence endeavoring to raise the money in Berlin.

A German Imperial loan of £7,500,000 has been announced. The money is to be devoted to defence purposes, and to cover the deficiency which has occurred in the railway revenue.

The anarchists in Paris have threatened to destroy the British Embassy, owing to the arrest in London and extradition of the man Francois, charged with being the perpetrator of the dynamite outrage at Vau's restaurant in April last.

The London School Board has received a petition from the socialists of the city praying the board to provide food and clothing for the children of the poor attending the schools under the board's control. The petition came before the meeting of the board yesterday, and a committee was appointed to report upon the subject.

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Mr. J. K. Hardie, M.P., has written to the Government urging that the Cabinet should communicate with the other Great Powers with a view of dissuading pauper emigrants from proceeding in England.

The Times has decided to exclude all Queensland cablegrams from its columns owing to the Government of that colony refusing to join the cable subsidy.

The matter of the winding-up of the English and Australian Mortgage Bank, Limited, came before the courts to-day, and the election of Mr. Blake as official receiver was confirmed. Mr. Blake intends to take steps to at once remove the present liquidators.

The Paris newspapers publish some startling disclosures in connection with the Panama Canal case. It is alleged that M. Fleury, the Government practised a system of blackmail on the directors of the Panama Canal company, and gave them in return a number of letters which were arranged to provide secret funds with which to oppose the influence of the late General Boulanger.

The committee of investigation in connection with the affairs of the Mercantile Bank have declined to have any hand in distributing Sir Matthew H. Davies' pamphlet on the operations of the Melbourne branch of the bank. The inaction of the Victorian Government in regard to the proposal to prosecute the Melbourne directors of the Mercantile Bank is strongly condemned, and the opinion is freely expressed that the Government is the proper authority to initiate the prosecutions.

Professor Brachin, the German astronomer, says that the comet Bix, which has recently been discovered, will come into collision with the earth on Monday next. He adds that the only result of the contact will be a number of falling stars.

November 19th.
The inquest on the bodies of the persons killed in the Thirsk railway disaster has continued. The collision took place near Thirsk junction, in Yorkshire, on November 2, between the Edinburgh express and a goods train. The jury found a verdict of manslaughter against the signalman who was on duty at the time of the catastrophe. He admitted that he was asleep at the time, having been completely fatigued owing to the fact that he had had the previous night watched by the bedside of his dying child. The jury, however, added a rider to the verdict expressing the opinion that the directors of the North-Eastern Railway Co., on whose line the collision occurred, were really responsible, owing to the fact that the officials compelled the signalman to go on duty when he was in an absolutely unfit condition, and after he had applied for leave of absence. The jury further expressed the opinion that the hours worked by railway employees were excessive, and recommended that the night shift of signalmen should not exceed eight hours.

The Press Bill, introduced into the French Chamber of Deputies by M. Loubet, the Premier, has been passed by a majority of two votes. The bill gives extensive powers to the authorities for the suppression of anarchist publications, and provides heavy penalties for cases in which newspapers published articles of a seditious nature.

The Rev. James Casper Clotterbuck has died in gaol. He was sentenced in November, 1891, to a term of four years' penal servitude on a charge of obtaining money by means of false pretences from a widow.

November 20.
An extraordinary outrage has been perpetrated at the village of Brest, Luovik, Russia. Ten boys, thirteen years of age, were seized by a mob of the villagers and put to death. The bodies of the victims were cruelly hacked with scythes, and the mutilated remains were afterwards thrown into a huge fire.

News from Lisbon gives particulars of a daring attempt on the lives of the King of Portugal, Carlos I., and Queen Maria. The King and Queen were on a visit to the palace of Count Fozzosa, at Lisbon, when an infernal machine was placed in the house. An explosion took place, but no serious damage resulted.

The champion sculler of New Zealand, has challenged George Dubear to a match on the Thames for the Sculler Challenge Cup. Dubear was the only English oarsman who entered in the competition for the trophy, and the event was in consequence abandoned.

M. Floquet, ex-Premier of France, made a speech in the French Chamber of Deputies last night regarding the charges made against his Government in connection with the Panama Canal scandal. He denied that the French Government during the period he was at the head of affairs, had attempted to levy blackmail from the directors of the Canal Co. in order to

obtain secret funds to oppose the late General Boulanger. M. de Lesseps has resigned the chairmanship of the directors of the company. The case of de Lesseps, his wife, his wife's sister, and his wife's husband's innocence of complicity in the frauds for which the directors are now being prosecuted.

Owing to the proposal of the Russian Government to abolish trial by jury M. Monassian, Minister for Justice in the Russian Cabinet, has resigned his portfolio.

The petition against the election of Mr. Frank James (conservative) to the House of Commons as the representative of Walsall has been upheld. The petition alleged bribery, and the court being satisfied on the point declared Mr. James unseated.

Count Leon Tolstoy, the Russian novelist, says that already he foresees a terrible famine in Russia owing to the partial failure of the oat harvest.

Mr. Madden Chambers' new sporting comedy, "The Old Lady," has been produced for the first time at the Criterion Theatre. The newspapers condemn the play and pronounce it mediocre.

Mr. Francis Schindsted, Birmingham, the great Liberal party organizer, will sail shortly on a visit to Australia.

A terrible tomb has been experienced in parts of the United States. The town of Washington, Arkansas, was completely destroyed by the storm.

A political organization, to be known as The Irish Revolution Society, has been formed in the United States. It is intended to supersede the Clan-na-Gael.

November 21st.
Baron Reinach, one of the defendants in the prosecutions instituted by the French Government against the directors of the Panama Canal Co., has died suddenly. He became highly excited on account of the prosecutions, and was seized with a fit of apoplexy, which resulted in death shortly afterwards.

Signor Crispi, the Italian statesman, says that Germany, Austria and Italy, the countries interested in the Triple Alliance, must recognize that it is impossible to separate the economic and political interests. He also asserts that France is endeavoring to exhaust Italy by means of a hostile tariff.

During the course of an interview to-day Sir John Gorst expressed the opinion that the establishment of a system of State-aided farms would induce a wholesale return of population from the towns to the country districts. He alluded to the idea of starting municipal workshops, characterizing such a proposal as an absurdity, and one which if given effect to would increase the rush of people to the towns.

The Porte is resisting the demand of Russia for a free passage of Russian warships and war materials through the Dardanelles. The Porte has also notified the Russian Government that merchant vessels conveying ammunition will not be permitted to pass through the Dardanelles unless the Porte is previously notified.

Mr. Moorehead Levy has been chosen to preside at the monetary conference to be held shortly at Brussels.

The report that the Czarvitch (the Grand Duke Nicholas of Russia) was betrothed to Princess Marie, eldest daughter of the King of Greece, has been officially denied.

M. Loubet, the French Premier, has agreed to the appointment of a Parliamentary committee to inquire into the charges made against the Floquet Ministry of blackmailing the directors of the Panama Canal Co. in order to obtain secret funds to oppose the late General Boulanger.

Mr. Grover Cleveland has declared that he will maintain a unvarying fidelity to his political promises. His only hope is that the Democratic party may have a long reign.

The directors of the Panama Canal Co., including M. de Lesseps, have been summoned to attend court on Thursday next, when the prosecution against them will be proceeded with.

Cholera in a most virulent form has again made its appearance in Brussels. It is reported that within a few hours six persons who were attacked with the disease died.

It is reported that a treaty of peace has been entered into between the King of Dahomey and the French.

The French labor organizations have agreed to resolutions excluding German laborers from the unions. The labor leaders are also organizing a general strike in the provision trade.

An application of Mrs. Thompson, who figured so prominently some time ago in a sensational paternity case, was before the courts to-day. Mrs. Thompson petitioned for an order to finally silence her husband's claim to the child. The appeal was dismissed.

The Chinese authorities have declined to take part in the international naval review to be held in connection with the World's Fair. The excuse offered is that the Chinese sailors are not familiar with steamships.

The tribal troubles at Chitral, on the north-west frontier of India, are increasing, and the situation is at present considered critical. Major Danell, in charge of a reinforcement of British troops, has been despatched from Gilgit to the scene of hostilities.

It is reported that Colonel Dodds, the officer in charge of the French troops in Dahomey, has concluded a peace treaty between France and Dahomey.

An organized system of plunder has been discovered in connection with municipal affairs in Madrid, and the scandal has caused a great sensation. The Mayor of the city has resigned, and a number of the municipal officials have been dismissed.

The ground on which the recent election for Walsall was quashed was confined to the bestowal of white cockades on the electors.

November 22nd.
The Government of Greece is about to float a loan of £2,000,000.

Tenders for the West Australian loan of £400,000 at par, to bear interest at 4 per cent. were opened to-day. The amount offered was £750,000. The highest tender received was at 2 per cent. The sum of £170,000 was offered at 2 per cent. Tenders at 3 per cent. will obtain 77 per cent. of the loan. It is understood that the Midland Bankers tendered for £150,000 of the West Australian loan at par.

The trial of the directors of the Panama Canal Co., who have charged with fraud in connection with the recent financing of the company, will commence in January next. It is reported that M. de Lesseps, who was chairman of the board of directors, and who is amongst the accused, is seriously ill.

The British Government has arranged to transfer Swaziland to the control of the Transvaal Republic, on the condition that the natives shall be well treated and the rights of the white settlers maintained.

The British Cabinet has decided to appoint a commission to represent Great Britain in Uganda, and to supersede the British East Africa Co. The reported retention of Uganda by Great Britain has been confirmed.

During the course of a speech yesterday Bishop Moorhouse, of Manchester, referred to the liquor traffic. He advised that notice should be given to hotelkeepers of the intention of the Government to terminate their licenses at the end of five years. In this manner 80,000 hotels would be abolished, and then Irish licenses could be granted on the basis of one hotel to every thousand of the population.

A despatch from Colonel Dodds, the officer in charge of the French forces in Dahomey, states that Abomey, the capital of Dahomey, has been surrendered to the French. Colonel Dodds insisted the town without firing on it, and found it abandoned. King Behanzin of Dahomey had disappeared. The French Chamber of Deputies has passed a resolution congratulating Colonel Dodds on the success of his operations in Dahomey.

Mr. Grover Cleveland, the President-elect of the United States, has left New York city in order to "escape" the worry occasioned by an enormous number of persons who are applying to him for positions in the public service. Mr. Cleveland has threatened that if the nuisance continues he will close his town residence.

The speech delivered by the Emperor William of Germany at the opening of the Reichstag has had a most demoralizing effect on the German press. The *Vossische Zeitung*, published at Berlin, declares that the only merit of the Emperor's speech was its brevity. The *Tagblatt*, another Berlin paper, says that it is absolutely impossible to extract any degree of comfort from the speech.

Terrible floods have been experienced in Washington State, United States. An immense tract of country is under water, and many lives have been lost. The damage to property is very extensive. Seattle Valley has been converted into a sea of milk.

An application has been made by the Khan of Khatib to the Russian Government for assistance against the encroachments of the British. The Russian Government declined to give the required assistance.

ADLAIDE, December 1st.
The Treasurer introduced the Northern Territory estimates to the House last evening in an exceedingly doleful speech. He stated that the financial year started with a debit balance of £68,401. The estimated expenditure for the current year was £51,145; and interest on money borrowed under the Special Loan Act amounted to £10,150. The estimated revenue for the same period was—From taxation, £13,451; public works, £16,203; Crown lands rents, £17,815; sundries, £480; total, £27,949. This would leave a debit balance at the end of June, 1893, of £123,718.

MELBOURNE, December 1st.
A compromise has been arrived at in the now celebrated Dixon will case. The widow receives £90,000, the balance being divided between Melbourne University and the widow and children. Costs, amounting to £7,000, are to be paid out of the estate.

Two human legs have been found in a bag on a footpath at Hawthorn, the ghastly parcel being labelled "Jack the Ripper, Lot 1." A few days later a similar parcel, containing two arms, and marked "Lot 2," was found near the same spot. As the measures the police have been completely baffled in their attempts to get to the bottom of the mystery.

SYDNEY, December 1st.
Makin and wife, the chief actors in the infanticide tragedy, have been committed for trial. The two daughters have been discharged, nothing having transpired to connect them with the murders.

LONDON, December 1st.
Blaine, the prominent American politician, is reported to be very seriously ill.

Jenners' well-known drapery establishment in Prince's-street, Edinburgh, has been totally destroyed by fire, the damage being estimated at a quarter of a million sterling.

An advance of from 5 to 7 per cent. in the price of wool is reported.

The Agents-General for New South Wales has issued four years' currency Treasury bills bearing interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum, for a million sterling. The leading financial organs describe the action as a gross breach of faith. The immediate result has been a rapid and heavy fall in the value of colonial stocks.

La Union, in the republic of San Salvador, Central America, has been almost demolished by an earthquake. There were many fatalities.

"IT IS THREE THOUSAND MILES LONG."

We allude to the great Mississippi River in America. For hundreds of miles of its course it is yellow with the earth which the swift current has torn from its banks. Probably the Mississippi bears constantly in solution enough to make many a rich farm, though the amount is, of course, greater at times of flood. This, for drinking, and even for washing, the water of the Mississippi must first be purified.

It is the same with anything which either for appearance or utility is in some way thrown out of character. For instance, the blood in our body is a bright red colour, but on its return through the veins it is dark and sluggish. The reason is that when it starts from the heart it has just been purified, and when it comes back it is loaded with all sorts of refuse matter it has picked up in its journey. In other words, the blood—while it is only food fully digested—carries life on its red current and brings away disease on its dark one.

Speaking of her own condition at a period about six years since, a woman writes that her health gradually became first yellow and then of a saffron colour. Connected with this she experienced several symptoms of illness. She had more or less pain at the sides and considerable difficulty in breathing. Her appetite, previously good, began to fail, and after eating comparatively little there was much distress in the region of the stomach. These were attended with loss of energy, both of mind and body, and sleepless nights, languid, and weak.

Now we must observe that in cases of natural fatigue from labour or any exertion rest is an unfailing remedy. Sleep and relaxation renew our powers. But there is a kind of fatigue which rest does not relieve—for which the Angel of Sleep brings no healing in his wings. What vile counterfeit is it?

She adds: "I finally took to my bed and was visited by a doctor who said my liver was wrong, and that I had gonorrhea. He gave me medicine, but as it had no good effect he advised me to go to the hospital. As I objected to this, he said I might try a change of air and what that would do for me. So I gave up my place and went to my home at Fairford, Gloucestershire. Failing to obtain any benefit from the change, I consulted another physician, who attended for some time, but I grew no better. Whatever I did I could not recover my strength, and my floods thought I was in a decline."

"I did not eat enough to feed a bird, and began to despair of ever recovering my health. With many ups and downs in the way of feeling, and of fear and hope, I lingered along until July, 1890 when an acquaintance recommended me to try Mother Selig's Syrup. From the heart of the matter I took my place four miles to procure a bottle of it. After taking the contents I felt better. A weight seemed to be lifted from my chest, my relief for food returned, and by degrees I found myself in every way stronger. I will conclude by saying that after having used two bottles of Mother Selig's Syrup I was able to return to Birmingham quite well and have had no signs of the ailment since. It is only just to mention that I feel better now than I have done for many years, and had I sooner known of Mother Selig's Syrup I should have avoided an amount of suffering and misery which it is needless to me to look back upon."

The lady referred to is Miss Sarah Hawkes, of the "Lion Inn," Longmore Street, Birmingham. Thus yellow or saffron colour of the blood was caused by

the failure of the liver to secrete, or take away, the bile from the blood. Remaining in the blood it was carried to all parts of the body, and necessarily showed itself through the skin in the ghastly hue she names.

Understand, please, that the bile, useful to help more the bowels, is a poison when in the blood. The entire malady of biliousness in all its forms is a symptom of indigestion and dyspepsia, the source of most of our aches, pains, and diseases. It is no new thing to say that the success of Mother Selig's Syrup in relieving the torpid digestion, stimulating the liver, and thus purifying the blood, sets it apart from all other medicines as an article to be relied upon when the use of ordinary drugs has been followed only by disappointment. The blood holds the secret of life, and this remedy keeps that ruby river clear and clean.—*Advt.*

DEAFNESS ABSOLUTELY CURED.—A Gentleman who cured himself of Deafness and Noises in the Head, of 4 years standing, by a new method, will be pleased to send full particulars free. Address HENRY CLIFTON, 8, Shepherdess Place, Kennington Park, London, S.E., Eng.—*Advt.*

Advertisements.

TO-NIGHT. TO-NIGHT.
AT WEST POINT, 9 P.M.
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